(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the steps taken to promote these systems?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. C. SILVERA): (a) to (c) In the new drug policy the Government have announced that the various aspects relating to promotion of Ayurveda, Siddha and other traditional systems of medicine in the country would be adequately pursued and the machinery to carry out the task of promotion would be adequately strengthened. A new Department of Indian Systems of Medicine and Homoeopathy has been created to provide a better focus to this important work and to lay down policy guidelines and ensure implementation in the development and promotion of these systems in the Country. Several programmes are planned for the promotion and development of Indian Systems of Medicine and Homoeopathy:—

(i) Strengthening of Indian Systems of Medicine and Homoeopathy educational institutions; this includes setting up of National Institutes for Siddha and Unani. The already existing National Institutes of Ayurveda and Homoeopathy would also be strengthened. Assistance is given for upgradation of facilities in educating institutions of ISM&H.

(ii) Revitalisation of research in Indian Systems of Medicine and Homoeopathy by strengthening of research institutions and training of ISM&H physicians in research methodology.

(iii) (a) Standardisation of ISM&H drugs and strengthening up of drug control in ISM.

(b) Setting up of laboratory facilities for the testing of ISM&H drugs.

(c) Strengthening of Pharmacopoeial work in ISM&H.

(d) Promotion of Yoga and Naturopathy — research, training and institutional development.

(iv) Development of medicinal plants.

(v) Setting up of specialised ISM&H treatment centres.

(vi) Integration of ISM&H alongwith training of ISM&H staff in the National Health Programmes.

Bomb blasts on Republic Day in Jammu

*62. DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI:

SHRI TRILOKI NATH CHATURVEDI:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the names of persons killed and the number of persons injured in the bomb blasts on the Republic Day 1995 in Jammu;

(b) the details of the incident, together with the relief provided to those killed and injured; and

(c) whether any arrests have been made in this regard and whether it is a fact that the local officers have direct/indirect hand in the incident and whether the responsibility in the security lapse has been fixed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE (SHRI BHUVNESH CHATURVEDI): (a) 8 persons were killed and 54 injured.

Names of persons killed are as under:—

(1) Mohan Lal, a Homeguard.

(2) Chaman Lal, a Homeguard.

(3) Ram Lal, a Homeguard.

(4) Ved Prakash, a Homeguard.

(5) Nk. Phola Singh of Army.

(6) S. Harbans Singh, Project Officer, Information Department.

(7) A. K. Abrol, Field Officer, Information Department.

(8) Anchal Singh, Project Officer, Information Department.

(b) On 26-1-1995, during the Republic Day function in the Maulana Azad Memorial Stadium, Jammu, while the Governor was delivering his address, three bomb blasts occurred in quick succession, resulting in the deaths and injuries as above. Payment of ex-gratia relief of Rs. 1 lakh each has been announced by the State Government for those killed and amounts varying between Rs. 500/- to Rs. 5,000/- each to those injured.

(c) Investigation of the case has been entrusted to the C.B.I. and the same is continuing. It is, therefore, not possible to give any details as stated in the question. However, on the basis of preliminary administrative inquiry, four Police officials, including two Superintendents of Police have been placed under suspension and the then District Magistrate and Senior Superintendent of Police, Jammu, have been transferred.

चेचक के उन्मूलन के लिए विशेष योजनायें

*63. **चौधरी हरमोहन सिंह :**
श्री ईश दत्त यादव :

क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि चेचक का देश से पूरी तरह से उन्मूलन नहीं हुआ है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या सरकार के पास इस बीमारी का देश से उन्मूलन करने हेतु कोई विशेष योजनायें है ; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है ?

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (डा० सी० सिल्वेरा): (क) से (ग) भारत को इंटरनेशनल कमीशन फोर एसेसमेंट आफ स्मालपॉक्स इरेडिकेशन द्वारा अप्रैल, 1977 मे चेचक मुक्त देश घोषित किया गया था । यही स्थिति अभी भी है ।

Migration of AIIMS Graduates

*64. SHRI VIREN J. SHAH:
SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the report published in the 'Pioneer' of January 2, 1995 under the caption, "Over 56 pc AIIMS graduates abroad;

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard;

(c) which are the countries to which these doctors have migrated and what are the reasons for this brain drain;

(d) whether any study has been conducted to estimate the extent of loss of the country because of this brain drain; if so, what are the results of such a study;

(e) what are the details of the efforts made and schemes launched by Government to attract back these doctors and to discourage the doctors from going abroad by providing them better employment opportunities and other facilities in the counrty; and

(f) what are the achievements of each of these schemes ?